

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1-17. (Cancelled)

18. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment ~~and care~~ of a patient having a primary and/or secondary tumors tumor by inhibiting angiogenesis, comprising which comprises applying at the tumor site of said patient a biomaterial comprised of a benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid wherein said hyaluronic acid is a total benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid, wherein said hyaluronic acid is 100% benzyl esterified and wherein said biomaterial inhibits angiogenic processes related to vascularization by granulation tissue forming over the biomaterial and wherein said biomaterial is in the form of at least one member selected from the group consisting of a non-woven felt, sponge, microsphere, film and membrane.

19.-21. (Cancelled)

22. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 18 wherein said hyaluronic acid is in association with other natural, synthetic and/or semisynthetic biopolymers.

23. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 22, wherein the natural biopolymer is selected from the group consisting of collagen, cellulose, polysaccharides, chitin, chitosan, pectins, agar, gellan and alginic acid.

24. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 22, wherein the synthetic biopolymer is selected from the group consisting of polylactic acid (PLA), polyglycolic acid (PGA), polyurethanes and polysulphonic resins.

25. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 22, wherein the semisynthetic biopolymer is selected from the group consisting of collagen cross-linked with aldehydes, diamine and gellan.

26. **(Previously Presented)** The method according to claim 18 wherein the biomaterial further comprises with at least one pharmacologically active substance.

27. **(Previously Presented)** The method according to claim 26, wherein the pharmacologically active substance is selected from the group consisting of fluorouracil, methotrexate, cis-platinum, carboplatin, oxaliplatin, ethopoxide, cyclophosphamide, vincristine, and doxorubicin.

28.-29. **(Canceled)**

30. **(Previously Presented)** The method according to claim 18, wherein said biomaterial is applied to the tumor site by filling a cavity resulting from the surgical removal of a tumor.

31.-35. **(Canceled)**

36. **(Previously Presented)** The method of claim 18, wherein the vascularisation is limited to the area covered by the biomaterial, so that the tumor cells do not invade the granulation tissue that has formed within the biomaterial.

37.-38. **(Canceled)**

39. **(Currently Amended)** A method for the treatment and care of a patient having a primary and/or secondary tumors—tumor by modulating the proliferation of tumors by inhibiting angiogenesis, comprising which comprises applying at the tumor site of said patient a biomaterial comprised of a benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid wherein said benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid is a total benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid, wherein said hyaluronic acid is 100% benzyl esterified and wherein said biomaterial inhibits angiogenic processes related to vascularization by granulation tissue forming over the biomaterial and wherein said biomaterial is in the form of at least one member selected from the group consisting of a non-woven felt, sponge, microsphere, film and membrane.

40. **(Currently Amended)** A method for the treatment and care of a patient having a primary  
and/or secondary tumors tumor by inhibiting angiogenesis associated with tumor proliferation,  
comprising which comprises applying at the tumor site a biomaterial comprised of a benzyl ester  
of hyaluronic acid wherein said benzyl ester of hyaluronic acid is a total benzyl ester of  
hyaluronic acid, wherein said hyaluronic acid is 100% benzyl esterified and wherein said  
biomaterial inhibits angiogenic processes related to vascularization by granulation tissue forming  
over the biomaterial and wherein said biomaterial is in the form of at least one member selected  
from the group consisting of a non-woven felt, sponge, microsphere, film and membrane.